Doyles Veg Prep Ltd

Gender Pay Gap Report 2025

Introduction

Doyles Veg Prep Limited is a part of Musgrave, Ireland's leading food retail, wholesale, and foodservice company. The company specialises in the supply of fresh produce to the foodservice sector.

At Doyles Veg Prep, we continue to work to ensure that our colleagues, both existing and future, are treated equally within our business, regardless of their gender, ethnicity, age, or background.

Required Information

The difference between the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender and that of employees of the female gender expressed as a percentage of the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender.	-7.	5%
The difference between the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender and that of employees of the female gender expressed as a percentage of the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender.	-1.3%	
The difference between the mean bonus remuneration of employees of the male gender and that of employees of the female gender expressed as a percentage of the mean bonus remuneration of employees of the male gender.	28.1%	
The difference between the median bonus remuneration of employees of the male gender and that of employees of the female gender expressed as a percentage of the median bonus remuneration of employees of the male gender.	-6.7%	
The difference between the mean hourly remuneration of part-time employees of the male gender and that of part-time employees of the female gender expressed as a percentage of the mean hourly remuneration of part-time employees of the male gender.	0%	
The difference between the median hourly remuneration of part-time employees of the male gender and that of part-time employees of the female gender expressed as a percentage of the median hourly remuneration of part-time employees of the male gender.	0%	
	Male	Female
The percentage of all employees of the male gender who were paid bonus	Male	Female
The percentage of all employees of the male gender who were paid bonus remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were paid such remuneration.	Male 72.8%	Female 77.1%
remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were		
remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were paid such remuneration. The percentage of all employees of the male gender who received benefits in kind and	72.8%	77.1%
remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were paid such remuneration. The percentage of all employees of the male gender who received benefits in kind and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who received such benefits. The difference between the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the mean hourly remuneration of employees	72.8% 0%	77.1%
remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were paid such remuneration. The percentage of all employees of the male gender who received benefits in kind and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who received such benefits. The difference between the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender. The difference between the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the median hourly remuneration of employees	72.8% 0%	77.1% 0% %
remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were paid such remuneration. The percentage of all employees of the male gender who received benefits in kind and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who received such benefits. The difference between the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender. The difference between the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender.	72.8% 0% 0	77.1% 0% %
remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were paid such remuneration. The percentage of all employees of the male gender who received benefits in kind and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who received such benefits. The difference between the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender. The difference between the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender. The respective percentages of all employees who fall within each of:	72.8% 0% 0 0	77.1% 0% % Female
remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were paid such remuneration. The percentage of all employees of the male gender who received benefits in kind and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who received such benefits. The difference between the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender. The difference between the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender. The respective percentages of all employees who fall within each of: (i) the lower remuneration quartile pay band,	72.8% 0% 0 Male 69%	77.1% 0% % Female 31%
remuneration and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who were paid such remuneration. The percentage of all employees of the male gender who received benefits in kind and the percentage of all employees of the female gender who received such benefits. The difference between the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the mean hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender. The difference between the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender on temporary contracts and that of employees of the female gender on such contracts expressed as a percentage of the median hourly remuneration of employees of the male gender. The respective percentages of all employees who fall within each of: (i) the lower remuneration quartile pay band, (ii) the lower middle remuneration quartile pay band,	72.8% 0% 0 Male 69% 88%	77.1% 0% % Female 31% 12%

Understanding Our Gender Pay Gap

At Doyles Veg Prep, all colleagues receive the pay rate that is appropriate to their role and reflective of their experience and skills, regardless of gender.

Our pay gap exists due to the following factors:

- A higher proportion of men are hourly paid employees whereas a higher proportion of women are salaried employees and many of these salaried roles are professional/technical and have a higher earnings capacity.
- As there are fewer numbers of females working with us, statistically the mean hourly figure is more likely to be higher for the female cohort.

Our Actions to Address the Gap

Reducing the gender pay gap has been a priority in our people strategy in recent years. We already have a number of actions underway. These include:

- We facilitate and encourage flexible working where possible.
- We highlight clear career pathway opportunities for all roles within our business.
- We are actively seeking to improve diversity in all roles through creating an inclusive and welcoming work environment and advertising campaigns, and through supporting existing colleagues to develop and grow.
- We provide unconscious bias training to colleagues.
- We are updating a wide range of policies to foster inclusivity and diversity, and we are introducing new policies.
- We offer mentoring to support the development and progression of our colleagues
- Musgrave is the first Irish business to partner with the LEAD Network (Leading Executives Advancing Diversity) and continues to leverage the expertise, learnings and resources of this network.
 - Our CEO signed the LEAD Network CEO Pledge laying out specific actions for Musgrave to drive greater advancement of women across the business including coaching and mentoring, ensuring there are intentional strategies to drive inclusive recruitment, leveraging employee resource groups and educating colleagues on the impact of bias.
 - O We are a co-founder for the LEAD Network Ireland Chapter, that launched in November 2023. The Ireland Chapter provides a forum for companies to come together to share best practices; build leadership competencies in a safe environment; network; and further the mission to advance female participation in the retail and consumer goods sector.
- Last year, Musgrave announced our membership of the 30% Club, a global campaign dedicated to advancing gender balance in leadership.
- An Employee Resource Group (ERG) focused on gender supports the identification of strategies
 and actions to remove any barriers to inclusion. The work of this ERG has led to the development
 of an Executive Mentoring programme to support talent development as well as the set-up of a
 Menopause Support Network and Resource Hub.